

THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA Ministry of Education and Sports

Directorate of Industrial Training



Assessment and
Training Package
For a
BADMINTON
PRACTITIONER

Qualification Level: 1

Occupational Cluster: Physical Education

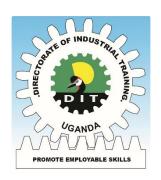
December 2020

Developed by:

Funded by:

Qualifications Standards Department Directorate Of Industrial Training

Government of Uganda



Assessment and Training Package For a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER

Qualification Level: 1

Occupational Cluster: Physical Education

Directorate of Industrial Training Plot 97/99 Jinja Road/ Corner 3rd Street, P.O Box 20050, Lugogo, Kampala, Uganda Tel: +256 414 253 704; +256 312 279 344

E-mail: uvqf.dit@gmail.com Web: www.dituganda.org

© Directorate of Industrial Training 2021

ISBN: 978-9913-626-16-3

ISO: 9001:2015 Certificate No.: UG92580A

All rights reserved. No reproduction or copy transmission of this publication may be made without written permission or in accordance with the provisions of the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act or under the terms of licence permitting limited copying issued by the licencing agency in Uganda. Any person who does any unauthorised act in relation to this publication may be liable to criminal prosecution and civil claims for damages.

UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (ATP) for a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER QUALIFICATION LEVEL: 1 December 2020

Under BTVET Act, 2008, the functions of the Directorate of Industrial Training are:

- (a) To identify the needs of the labour market for occupational competencies that fall under the UVQF.
- (b) To regulate apprenticeship schemes.
- (c) To foster and promote entrepreneurial values and skills, as an integral part of the UVQF.
- (d) To secure adequate and sustainable financing for the efficient operations of the Directorate.
- (e) To accredit training institutions or companies as assessment centres.
- (f) To determine fees payable under the Act.
- (g) To develop, apply, expand and improve the purposeful application of Uganda vocational qualifications defined in the UVQF.
- (h) To assess and award Uganda Vocational Qualifications.
- (i) To promote on-the-job training in industry for apprenticeship, traineeship and indenture training and for other training such as further skills training and upgrading.
- (j) To prescribe the procedure for the making of training schemes.

Further to the above provisions, there is an established Uganda Vocational Qualifications Framework (UVQF), under part V of the BTVET Act, 2008. It is stated that:

The purpose of the UVQF is to;

- (a) Define occupational standards in the world of work.
- (b) Define assessment standards.
- (c) Award vocational qualifications of learners who meet the set standards of different studies.
- (d) Provide guidelines for modular training.

The UVQF shall follow principles of Competence Based Education and Training (CBET) which include:

- (a) Flexible training or learning modules.
- (b) Positive assessment and Certification.
- (c) Assessment of Prior Learning.
- (d) Recognition of formal and non-formal training.
- (e) Self-paced or individual learning.
- (f) Work place learning.

For award and recognition of certificates, the BTVET Act, 2008 provides that:

- (1) The Directorate and other examination boards established under the Act shall award certificates and diplomas for Business, Technical or Vocational Education and Training under the UVQF.
- (2) The Certificates and Diplomas to be awarded shall be in the form prescribed by the Minister on the recommendation of the Industrial Training Council.
- (3) The Certificates and Diplomas awarded under the Act shall be recognised in the Uganda education system and by the labour market.

Under the TVET Implementation Standards 2020, the proposed new mandate of the Directorate of Industrial Training shall be restricted to promoting the highest standards in the quality and efficiency of industrial training in the country and ensuring an adequate supply of properly trained manpower at all levels in the industry and the world of work.

The functions shall include:

- (a) Regulating Industrial Training and Trainers.
- (b) Developing Industrial Training Curricula.
- (c) Harmonising Curricula and Certificates of competence.
- (d) Assessing Industrial Training.
- (e) Development of Occupational Standards and Assessment and Training Packages (ATPs) for Trade Testing for the industry and world of work.
- (f) Awarding certificates in that respect.

At operational level in the Directorate, the Qualification Standards Department performs development tasks related to concepts, procedures and instruments for establishment of the UVQF in close collaboration with both public and private stakeholders in vocational training.

In particular, the Department organises and coordinates the development of Assessment and Training Packages for use in competence-based vocational training as well as standards-based assessment and certification.

The Directorate has therefore produced this Assessment and Training Package for use in implementing Competence-Based Education and Training mechanisms.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Woı	rd from Permanent Secretary	iv
Exe	cutive Summary	vi
Ack	nowledgement	viii
Abb	previations and acronyms	ix
Key	definitions	X
1.0	ATP-PART I	1
	Occupational Profile for a Badminton Practitioner	1
2.0	ATP-PART II	9
	Training Modules for a Badminton Practitioner	9
3.0	ATP-PART III	21
	Assessment Instruments for a Badminton Practitioner	21
	Written Test Items (Samples)	23
	Performance Test Items (Samples)	31
4.0	ATP- PART IV	36
	Information on Development Process	36

Word from Permanent Secretary

The Kajubi Report (1989) and the Uganda Government White Paper on Education Review (1992) emphasised that the Uganda Secondary School Education should be vocationalised.

The World Bank Report on education in Uganda 2007 observed that although Uganda was experiencing steady economic growth on one hand, the secondary education curriculum was inadequately addressing the social and economic needs of the country on the other. The Report further noted that it is not the very top academic cadres that contribute most to the growth of the GDP but rather the competent middle level technicians that are flexible and technologically literate that the economy needs in the labour market at all levels.

Correspondingly, the NDP III 2020/21- 2024/5 highlights (i) low labour productivity (ii) high youth unemployment (38%) (iii) low transition rates from training to employment (35%) as some of the key challenges to Human Capital Development in Uganda.

In order to overcome these challenges, NDP III 2020/21- 2024/5, under objective 2 peaks the need to train the learners for the urgently needed skills and mainstream a dual education and training system. This paved way for the development of the lower secondary school vocational curriculum which supports both academic and vocational training.

The afore is in line with the Uganda Vision 2040. Under section 261, it emphasises that learners will be accorded opportunities to excel in the skills areas they are placed into. These will range from sports and cut to technical and vocational training. Hitherto, section 262 clearly states that the entire education system will be changed to emphasise practical skills, attitude and moral values.

Government of Uganda through the Ministry of Education and Sports rolled out the New Lower Secondary Curriculum in secondary schools countrywide during the first term of the academic year 2020. The overall goal of this curriculum is to produce graduates with employable skills and who are competitive in the labour market. It should be emphasised that vocational training will produce graduates who are employable. In the New curriculum, emphasis will be on equipping learners with employable skills and competencies. This will enable learners perform the requisite duties of the specified occupations. This is the reason why the lower secondary school vocational curriculum was tailored to the assessment requirements of the world of work.

Reading from the Curriculum Framework page 12, it is stated that the learners will be assessed by DIT. Upon assessment and certification, the graduates will be employable and competitive in the labour market. It's against this background that DIT, within its mandate vested in the BTVET Act, 2008 comes on board to take the lead in the development of the requisite Assessment and Training Packages (ATPs) for the various occupations that will be assessed under the Lower Secondary Curriculum.

The ATPs can be used by any training provider and/or those who wish to present themselves for Occupational Assessment and Certification.

Herewith, the Directorate of Industrial Training presents the Assessment and Training Package for training, assessment and certification of a **BADMINTON PRACTITIONER QUALIFICATION LEVEL 1.**

Finally, I thank all individuals, organisations and review partners who have contributed and/or participated in the review of this noble document.

Alex Kakooza

Permanent Secretary

Executive Summary

This Assessment and Training Package is a Competence-Based Education and Training (CBET) tool and consists of three major parts:

- O.1 PART I: The Occupational Profile (OP) of a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER.

 This Occupational Profile which was reviewed by Badminton practitioner practicing in the world of work mirrors the duties and tasks that Badminton practitioners are expected to perform.
- 0.2 **PART II: Training Modules** in the form of guidelines to train badminton practitioners both on the job as well as in training centres (or combinations of both venues of learning). The Training Modules herein have been reviewed basing on the Occupational Profile and hence are directly relevant for employment.
- 0.3 **PART III: Assessment Instruments** in the form of performance (Practical) and written (theory) test items that can and should be used to assess whether a person complies with the requirements of employment as a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER. These assessment instruments were reviewed jointly by job practitioners (Badminton Practitioner) and instructors based on the occupational profile and training modules.
- 0.4 While the Occupational Profile (OP) contained in PART I of this document provides the information on <u>WHAT a person is expected to do</u> competently in the world of work, the test items, including performance criteria- of PART III qualify the <u>HOW and/or HOW WELL a person must do the job</u>.
- 0.5 The modular format of the curriculum (PART II) allows learners to acquire job specific skills and knowledge (i.e. competencies) module by module. A single module can be accomplished within a relatively short duration allowing flexibility for learners to move directly into an entry level job, go for further modules or advance to higher levels of training. Modular courses allow more learners to access the training system because training centres as well as companies can accommodate more learners in a given period of time.
- 0.6 In addition to improved access, equity and relevance of BTVET, the UVQF will also enable people who are convinced to have acquired competencies laid down in this ATP through prior training and on-the-job experience to access assessment and certification directly; be it on the basis of a single module, a group of modules or all modules pertaining to the occupation at once. This achievement will facilitate Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL).

- 0.7 The parts of this Assessment and Training Package were sequentially reviewed as follows:
 - i Part 1: Occupational Profile: *August 2020*
 - ii Part 2: Training Modules: August 2020
 - iii Part 3: Assessment Instruments (initial bank): August 2020

This ATP (or parts of it) may be periodically revised to match the dynamic trends in the occupation and hence issued in different versions.

DIT takes responsibility of any shortcomings that might be identified in this publication and welcomes suggestions for effectively addressing the inadequacies. The suggestion can be communicated to DIT through P.O. Box 20050, Kampala or through email uvaf.dit@gmail.com.

Patrick Byakatonda

Ag Director

Acknowledgement

The Qualifications Standards Department of DIT acknowledges the valuable contributions to the review of this Assessment and Training Package by the following persons, Institutions and organisations:

- Members of the DIT Industrial Training Council.
- The Director and staff of DIT.
- Ministry of Education and Sports.
- The practitioners from the world of work.
- Teachers and instructors of badminton from various secondary schools.
- Physical Education Curriculum Specialists from NCDC.
- Examination specialists from UNEB.
- The facilitators involved in guiding the development panels in their activities.
- The Government of Uganda for financing the development of this ATP.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

A&C Assessment and Certification

ATP Assessment and Training Packages

CBET Competency Based Education and Training

DIT Directorate of Industrial Training

ITC Industrial Training Council
GoU Government of Uganda

LWA Learning-Working Assignment

MC Modular Curriculum

MoES Ministry of Education and Sports

OP Occupational Profile
PEX Practical Exercise

PTI Performance (Practical) Test Item

QS Qualification Standards

RPL Recognition of Prior Learning

TIB Test Item Bank

TVET Technical, Vocational Education and Training

UVQ Uganda Vocational Qualification

UVQF Uganda Vocational Qualifications Framework

WTI Written (Theory) Test Item

Key definitions

Assessment

Assessment is the means by which evidence is gathered and judged to decide if an individual has met the stipulated assessment standards or not. Testing is a form of formal assessment.

Certification

Certification is a formal procedure to issue a certificate (qualification) to an individual that has demonstrated during formal assessment that he/she is competent to perform the tasks specified in the occupational profile.

Competence

Integration of skills, knowledge, attitudes, attributes and expertise in doing /performing tasks in the world of work to a set standard.

Competency

(Occupational) competency is understood as the ability to perform tasks common to an occupation to a set standard.

CBET

Competence-Based Education and Training means that programs:

- have content directly related to work
- 2. focus is on 'doing something well'
- 3. assessment is based upon industry work standards, and
- 4. curricula are developed in modular form

Duty

A duty describes a large area of work in performance terms. A duty serves as a title for a cluster of related Tasks (see also: TASK).

Learning-Working Assignment (LWA)

LWAs are simulated or real job situations / assignments that are suitable for learning in a training environment (e.g. "small projects"). In a working environment, LWAs are real work situations/assignments.

Module

Modules are part(s) of a whole curriculum. Modules can be considered as "self-contained" partial qualifications which are described by learning outcomes or competencies and which can be assessed and certified individually.

Occupational Profile (OP)

An Occupational Profile is an overview of the duties and tasks a job incumbent is expected to perform competently in employment.

Occupational Profiles developed by practitioners from the world of work enhance the relevance of training and learning to the requirements of the world of work.

Occupational Profiles define what a person is supposed to do in performance terms. It also contains generic information regarding related knowledge and skills, attitudes/behavior, tools, materials and equipment required to perform as well as trends/concerns in the occupation.

Occupational profiles are the reference points for developing modular curricular and assessment standards.

Qualification

A qualification is a formal reward for demonstrating competence, based on formal assessment against set standards and provided to the individual in the form of a certificate specifying the nature of the competence.

Task

Job tasks represent the smallest unit of job activities with a meaningful outcome. Tasks result in a product, service, or decision. They represent an assignable unit of work and have a definite beginning and ending point. Tasks can be observed and measured. (Also see: Duty)

1.0 ATP-PART I

Occupational Profile for a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER

- 1.1 The OCCUPATIONAL PROFILE (OP) for "Badminton Practitioner" below defines the *Duties* and *Tasks* a competent Badminton Practitioner is expected to perform in the world of work (on the job) in Uganda and the East African region today.
- 1.2 Since it reflects the skill requirements of work life, the Occupational Profile is the reference document for the subsequent development of training modules and assessment instruments (test items) which are directly relevant to employment in Ugandan and the East African businesses and industries.
- 1.3 To ensure that the Occupational Profile is relevant for employment in Uganda and East Africa, the DIT used the method of "occupational/job profiling.
 - This approach involves the brainstorming of a panel of 8 to 12 competent job practitioners guided by trained and experienced facilitators. During a two-day workshop the panelists defined the duties and tasks performed in employment, as well as the prerequisite skills, knowledge, attitudes, tools and equipment, and the future trends and concerns in the occupation/job.
- 1.4 The panelists, facilitators and coordinators who participated in developing this Occupational Profile are listed on the following page.

¹ The DACUM-method was used. DACUM is an acronym for 'Develop A Curriculum'

Expert Panel

Katende David

National Council of Sports

Masiko Edwin

Uganda Badminton Association

Makyeme Stella

Hana Mixed School- Nsangi

Mwesigwa Peter

St Patrick SS Ntete

Lumbuye Linika

Kibuli Secondary School

Bulamba Sulaiman

Mbogo High School

Kirya Lukman

Shimon CPTC/ NCDC

Nyanzi James

ST. Charles Lwanga SS

Semiyagi Allan Samuel

Nabisunsa Girls School

Opira Geoffrey

Soroti CPTC

Nakku Eva

Ntinda VTI

Musisi Silas

St Thomas Bazadde

Co-ordinator

Mukyala Ruth Elizabeth

Directorate of Industrial Training

Facilitators

Nakimuli Patra

Directorate of Industrial Training

Kirabo Mugenyi Thomas

Directorate of Industrial Training

Funded by

Government of Uganda



THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA Ministry of Education and Sports

Directorate of Industrial Training

Occupational Profile

For a

"BADMINTON PRACTITIONER"

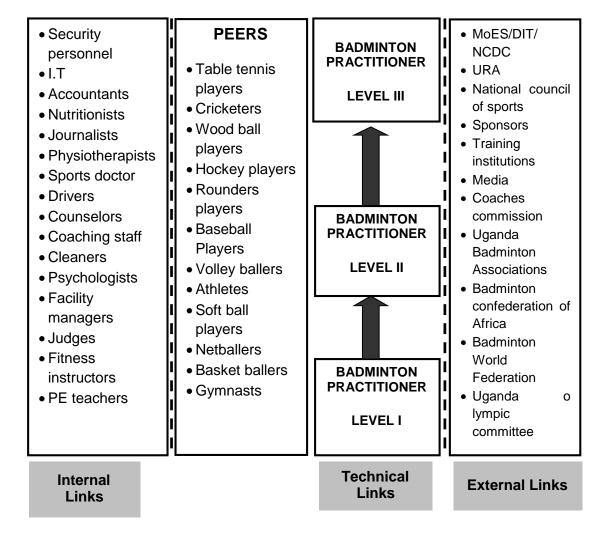
Developed by: Directorate of Industrial Training (Qualifications Standards)

Dates of Workshop: 7th – 11th September 2020

NOMENCLATURE FOR THE OCCUPATION OF BADMINTON PRACTITIONER

Definition: A Badminton Practitioner is a person who has the competence of playing, coaching, organising, managing and developing the game of Badminton.

JOB ORGANISATION CHART FOR A BADMINTON PRACTITIONER



Descriptions for the levels in the occupation of 'Badminton Practitioner'

UVQ Level 1: Player

This is a person who plays Badminton competently and performs game supporting activities.

UVQ Level 2: Official

This is a person who has the competences of officiating Badminton game.

UVQ Level 3: Coach

This is a person who has the competences of coaching and managing Badminton game.

Duties and Tasks

				Manager	4.0	Mania II
A. ESTABLISH A BADMINTON	A1	Identify play area	A2	Measure dimensions	A3	Mark lines
COURT	A4	Place support poles	A5	Fix net	A6	Remove obstacles from the play area
	A7	Wipe court	A8	Create safety zone		
B. PLAY BADMINTON	B1	Prepare for the game	B2	Perform warm up	В3	Take a toss
	B4	Take position	B5	Serve shuttle cock	В6	Receive shuttle cock
	В7	Perform attack	В8	Perform defense	В9	Score points
	B10	Perform cool down				
C. OFFICIATE BADMINTON	C1	Inspect court	C2	Inspect equipment	C3	Inspect players
	C4	Oversee tossing	C5	Start and end game	C6	Perform officiating signals
	C7	Score points	C8	Communicate technical decisions	C9	Oversee fair play
	C10	Direct court procession	C11	Prepare game report		
D. COACH PLAYER	D1	Develop training programme	D2	Prepare training session	D3	Organise court
	D4	Brief players	D5	Train players	D6	Mentor and inspire players
	D7	Assess players	D8	Perform physical fitness	D9	Appraise players
	D10	Manage player discipline	D11	Make training reports		

E. ORGANISE BADMINTON COMPETITIONS	E1	Plan for competitions	E2	Select team	E3	Mobilise participants (officials, players etc.)
	E4	Set tournament rules and regulations	E5	Set conditionality for participation	E6	Advertise game
	E7	Secure resources				

F. PERFORM ADMINISTRATIVE	F1 Make draws/ fixtures	F2 Plan activity calendar	F3 Prepare budgets
ACTIVITIES	F4 Source for funding	F5 Recruit staff	F6 Remunerate workers
	F7 Manage resources	F8 Appraise staff	F9 Procure tools, equipment and materials
	F10 Organise and coordinate activities	F11 Motivate workers	F12 Obtain membership in professional association
	F13 Pursue continuos professional development	F14 Keep inventory	

G. PERFORM OCCUPATIONAL	G1 Remove obstacles from play area	G2 Take fitness test	G3 Observe personal hygiene
SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL	G4 Administer First Aid	G5 Perform fire fighting	G6 Display safety signs
PROTECTION PRACTICES (OSHEPP)	G7 Sensitise staff on emerging diseases	G8 Keep activity area dry	G9 Identify injuries
	G10 Manage waste	G11 Maintain sanitation	G12 Manage nutrition

UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (ATP) for a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER QUALIFICATION LEVEL: 1 December 2020

H. MAINTAIN TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND	H1	Prepare maintenance schedule	H2	Repair tools and equipment	Н3	Replace tools and equipment
PLAY AREA	H4	Service equipment	Н5	Clean play area	Н6	Remark court
	Н7	Store tools, equipment and materials	Н8	Keep maintenance reports		

Additional Information

Generic Knowledge & Skills

- 1. Quality of equipment
- 2. Resource mobilisation
- 3. Public relations
- 4. Environmental changes
- 5. Nutritional management
- 6. Anti-doping regulations
- 7. Psychology of performance
- 8. Spectator management
- 9. Communication skills
- Care and maintenance of equipment and court
- 11. Various tournaments

- 12. Physical fitness components
- 13. Court dimensions and specifications
- 14. Rules of the game
- 15. Factors affecting performance
- 16. Officiation signals
- 17. Human resource management
- 18. Events management
- 19. Injury management and first aid administration
- 20. Organisational skills
- 21. Managerial skills

Tools, Materials and Equipment

- 1. Rackets
- 2. Nets
- 3. Shuttles
- 4. Poles
- 5. Paint
- 6. Brushes
- 7. Strings
- 8. Light brokers
- 9. Wind brokers
- 10. Masking tape
- 11. Whistle
- 12. Cones
- 13. Rug
- 14. Clip board
- 15. Computer
- 16. First aid kit
- 17. Racket bag
- 18. File

- 19. Public address system
- 20. Wheel chair
- 21. Tape measure
- 22. Elastic tape
- 23. Timer
- 24. Sports shoes
- 25. Jersey
- 26. Short
- 27. Shocks
- 28. Basin
- 29. Papers
- 30. Printer
- 31. Balloons
- 32. Gym mat
- 33. Broom

- 34. Bibs
- 35. skittles
- 36. Stringing machine
- 37. Pen
- 38. Stapling machine
- 39. Seal
- 40. Towel
- 41. Temperature gun
- 42. Dust bin
- 43. Agility ladder
- 44. Grips
- 45. Sanitiser
- 46. Hawk eye machine
- 47. Baskets
- 48. Pegs
- 49. Chairs

Attitudes/ Traits/ Behaviour

- 1. Leadership skills
- 2. Determination
- 3. Social skills
- 4. Commitment
- 5. Endurance
- 6. Flexibility
- 7. Agility
- 8. Creativity
- 9. Time management
- 10. Self confidence
- 11. Acceptance

- 12. Open to criticism
- 13. Team work
- 14. Dedicated
- 15. Patience
- 16. Communication skills
- 17. Interest in the game
- 18. Computer knowledge
- 19. Interpersonal skills
- 20. Co-operative
- 21. Respect for all

Future Trends and Concerns

- Need to benchmark with other Practitioners
- 2. Popularisation of the game
- 3. Cost of equipment
- 4. Inadequate supply of equipment
- 5. Forming badminton clubs and associations
- 6. Need for advanced technology equipment e.g. hawk eye, service height machine
- 7. Inadequate networking between sports practitioners
- 8. Inadequate finances
- 9. Inclusiveness/ special needs

- 10. Inadequate play facilities
- 11. Limited government support and involvement
- 12. Limited exposure
- 13. Limited publicity
- 14. Emerging new markets
- 15. Changing format of play
- 16. Commercialisation of the game
- 17. Match fixing
- 18. Partnering with corporate bodies
- 19. Continuity of the sport after school
- 20. Professionalisation of the game
- 21. Doping in sports
- 22. Inadequate training facilities

2.0 ATP-PART II

Training Modules for a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER

- 2.1 A curriculum is a "guide /plan for teaching and learning" which provides a guide to teachers, instructors and learners. In the envisaged system of competence-based or outcome-oriented education and training (CBET), curricula are no longer the benchmark against which assessment is conducted. It is rather the Occupational Profile that provides the benchmark development as well as assessment.
- 2.2 This modular format of the curriculum allows learners of Badminton Practitioner to acquire job specific skills and knowledge (i.e. competencies) module by module. A single module can be accomplished within a relatively short duration allowing learners to move directly into an entry level job, do further modules and advance to higher levels of training. Modular courses allow more learners to access the training system because training centres, as well as companies can accommodate more learners in a given period of time.
- 2.3 The modules were developed jointly by both instructors and job practitioners. They were developed using the Occupational Profile as a reference point and taking into account the specifications of training and learning outcomes.
- 2.4 The modules contain "Learning-Working Assignments" (LWAs) and related "Practical Exercises" (PEXs) as key elements.
 - LWAs are simulated or real job situations/assignments that are suitable for learning in a training environment (e.g. "small projects"). In a working environment, LWAs are real work situations.
 - PEXs are therefore sub-sets of a LWA.
- 2.5 In principle, and following the philosophy of Competence-Based Education and Training (CBET), the modules can be used as a guide for learning in a training centre, at the workplace; or a combination of both.

WHO IS A BADMINTON PRACTITIONER QUALIFICATION LEVEL 1?

A Badminton Practitioner Level I is a person who plays badminton competently and performs game supporting activities.

TRAINING MODULES FOR BADMINTON PRACTITIONER UVQ LEVEL 1

Code	Module Title	Average duration		
		Contact hours	Weeks	
UE/BP/M1.1	Set up Badminton Court	240	6	
UE/BP/M1.2	Play Badminton	480	12	
UE/BP/M1.3	Manage Tools, Equipment and Court	160	4	
UE/BP/M1.4.	Perform Entrepreneurial Skills	160	4	
Summary	4 Training Modules	1040 hours	26 weeks	

Note: Average duration is contact time but NOT calendar duration

It is assumed that:

- 1 day is equivalent to 8 hours of nominal learning and
- 1 month is equivalent to 160 hours of nominal learning.

Information given on the average duration of training should be understood as a guideline. Quick learners may need less time than indicated or vice versa.

At completion of a module, the leaner should be able to satisfactorily perform the included Learning Working Assignments, their Practical Exercises and attached theoretical instruction, as the minimum exposure.

Prior to summative assessment by recognised Agencies, the users of these Module Guides are encouraged to carefully consider continuous assessment using samples of (or similar) performance (practical) and written test items available in part 3 of this ATP.

Code	UE/BP/M1.1		
Module title	M1.1 Set up Badminton Court		
Related Qualification	Part of: Uganda Vocational Qualification (Badminton PractitionerUVQ1)		
Qualification Level	1		
Module purpose	By the end of this module the trainee shall be able to set up a Badminton court.		
Learning-Working	LWA 1/1: Prepare Site		
Assignments (LWAs)	LWA 1/2: Demarcate Court		
	LWA 1/3: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices (OHSEPP)		
	 Note: The learning exercises must be repeated until the trainee acquires a targeted competence. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each Learning Working Assignment. 		
Related Practical	LWA 1/1: Prepare Site		
Exercises (PEXs)	PEX 1.1: Identify site		
	PEX 1.2: Clear site		
	PEX 1.3: Level surface		
	PEX 1.4: Take size and height measurements of site		
	LWA 1/2: Demarcate Court		
	PEX 2.1: Take court measurements		
	PEX 2.2: Sketch out Badminton court		
	PEX 2.3: Mark out court		
	LWA 1/3: Setup Net		
	PEX 3.1: Measure height of poles		
	PEX 3.2: Fix support poles		
	PEX 3.3: Fix net		
	PEX 3.4: Measure height of net		
	LWA 1/4: Perform Occupational Health and Environmental Protection Practices		
	PEX 4.1: Remove obstacles		
	PEX 4.2: Clean and dry activity area		
	PEX 4.4: Display safety signs		
	PEX 4.5: Wear protective gear		
	PEX 4.6: Maintain general hygiene		
	PEX 4.7: Manage waste		

	PEX 4.8: Eliminate slipperiness on the court		
Occupational health and safety	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health, safety and environmental protection included in the listed related knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs.		
Pre-requisite modules	None		
Related knowledge/ theory	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: • Thickness of court lines • Color of court lines • Lighting • Direction of sun and wind • Position of court • Nature of court surface • Methods of determining topography • Waste management • Safety regulations • Height of facility for setting up a badminton court • Faults in setting up a badminton court and their effects • Indoor and outdoor facilities and their specifications • Standard dimensions of a court		
Average duration of learning	 240 hours (30 days) of normal learning suggested. 8 days of occupational theory and 22 days of occupational practice. 		
Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training centre or its equivalent provided all equipment and materials required for training are in place.		
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from Item bank.		
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	Brush, tape measure, masking tape, scissors, strings, goggles, masks, gloves, overall, safety boots, spirit level, fork hoe, wheelbarrow, panga, rake, spade, slasher, hoe, hammer, net, poles, compactor, fire extinguisher, first aid kit		
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	Stationery, lime/ash, water, chalk/crayon, charcoal, nails		
Special notes	The theory must be integrated into the practice during training.		

Code	UE/BP/M1.2
Module title	M1.2: Play Badminton
Related Qualification	Part of: Uganda Vocational Qualification (Badminton PractitionerUVQ1)
Qualification Level	1
Module purpose	At the end of this module, the trainee shall be able to play Badminton competently.
Learning-Working Assignments (LWAs)	LWA 2/1: Prepare for the Game LWA 2/2: Perform Hitting Skills LWA 2/3: Perform Court Movement Skills LWA 2/4: Perform Playing Tactics LWA 2/5: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Practices
	 Note: The learning exercises must be repeated until the trainee acquires a targeted competence. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment.
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	LWA 2/1: Prepare for the Game PEX 1.1: Wear attire
	PEX 1.2: Have team talk
	PEX 1.3: Perform warm up PEX 1.4: Select equipment
	PEX 1.5: Take toss
	PEX 1.6: Take position on court
	LWA 2/2: Perform Hitting Skills
	PEX 2.1: Carryout a serve
	PEX 2.2: Carryout net lift
	PEX 2.3: Carryout net shot
	PEX 2.4: Carryout drive
	PEX 2.5: Perform a drop shot
	PEX 2.6: Perform a clear
	PEX 2.7: Perform a smash shot
	LWA 2/3: Perform Court Movement Skills
	PEX 3.1: Execute movement cycle
	PEX 3.2: Execute movement patterns
	LWA 2/4: Perform Playing Tactics
	PEX 4.1: Carryout double tection
	PEX 4.2: Carryout double tactics

	PEX 4.3: Carryout Para badminton tactics
	LWA 2/5: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices PEX 5.1: Maintain personal hygiene PEX 5.2: Wear sports attire PEX 5.3: Manage waste PEX 5.4: Administer first aid PEX 5.5: Perform routine medical checkup
Occupational health and safety	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health, safety and environmental protection included in the listed related knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs.
Pre-requisite modules	None
Related knowledge/ theory	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: • Techniques of playing Badminton • Rules and regulations of the game • Tournament structures • Factors affecting performance • How to store and care for personal equipment • Status of Badminton in the world of sports • Specifications of equipment used • Anti-doping regulations • Benefits of playing Badminton • Fitness components • Techniques of handling a racket • Types of shuttles • Types of rackets • Parts of a racket • Training procedure of a badminton player • Serving techniques • Shot techniques e.g. overhand stroke, underarm stroke • Types of grips e.g. orthodox forehand grip, backhand grip, thumb grip, pan handle etc.
Average duration of learning	480 hours (60 days) of nominal learning suggested to include
	10 days of occupational theory and50 days of occupational practice
Suggestions on organization of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training centre or its equivalent provided all equipment and materials required for training are in place.

UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (ATP) for a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER QUALIFICATION LEVEL: 1 December 2020

Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from Item bank
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	racket, badminton attire, net, tape, balloons, bin bag, cones, strings, agility ladder, timer, water bottle, face towel, first aid kit, racket bag, sports wheel chair, basket
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	Water, glucose, shuttlecocks, grips, racket string
Special notes	 Para badminton player is a person with physical disability. For para badminton, average duration will be 8 months. Integrate theory and practice at the same time during training.

Code	UE/BP/M1.3				
Module title	M1.3: Manage Tools, Equipment and Court				
Related Qualification	Part of: Uganda Vocational Qualification (Badminton Practitioner UVQ1)				
Qualification Level	1				
Module purpose	At the end of this module, a trainee shall be able to effectively manage tools, equipment and the court.				
Learning-Working Assignments (LWAs)	LWA 3/1: Maintain Tools and Equipment LWA 3/2: Maintain Badminton Court LWA 3/3: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices				
	 Note: The learning exercises must be repeated until trainee acquires a targeted competence. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoreti instruction with demonstrations as required perform each Learning Working Assignment. 				
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	PEX 1.1: Prepare maintenance schedule PEX 1.2: Identify faulty/broken tools and equipment PEX 1.3: Replace broken parts of tools and equipment PEX 1.4: Repair tools and equipment PEX 1.5: Service tools and equipment PEX 1.6: Clean tools and equipment PEX 1.7: Keep maintenance records				
	LWA 3/2: Maintain Badminton Court PEX 2.1: Wipe moistened area PEX 2.2: Lubricate poles PEX 2.3: Remark faded lines on court PEX 2.4: Regulate lighting system PEX 2.5: Clear area around court LWA 3/3: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices PEX 3.1: Administer first aid PEX 3.2: Maintain personal hygiene PEX 3.3: Create safety zone PEX 3.4: Clear obstacles from court PEX 3.5: Perform firefighting PEX 3.6: Manage waste				

UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (ATP) for a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER QUALIFICATION LEVEL: 1 December 2020

Occupational health and safety	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health, safety and environmental protection included in the listed related knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs.		
Pre-requisite modules	None		
Related knowledge/ theory	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: • Store management • Court dimensions • Materials used to maintain tools and equipment • How to wipe court • Lighting system • Types of lights • Types of court surfaces		
Average duration of learning			
Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training centre or its equivalent provided all equipment and materials required for training are in place.		
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from Item bank		
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	stringing machine, service height machine, shuttle feeder machine, rackets, shuttlecocks, poles, nets, umpire chair, score board, clip board, panga/slasher.		
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	paint, sugar, water, oil, lights, stationery.		
Special notes	Eliminate slipperiness on the court surfaces		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Code	UE/BP/M1.4			
Module title	M1.4: Perform Entrepreneurial Skills			
Related Qualification	Part of: Uganda Vocational Qualification (Badminton Practitioner UVQ1)			
Qualification Level	1			
Module purpose	By the end of this module, the trainee shall be able to establish an enterprise and market Badminton game			
Learning-Working Assignments (LWAs)	LWA 4/1: Establish Badminton Enterprise LWA 4/2: Market Badminton Game LWA 4/3: Keep Records LWA 4/3: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices (OHSEPP)			
	 Note: The learning exercises may be repeated until the trainee acquires a targeted competence. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment. 			
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	PEX 1.1: Register the enterprise PEX 1.2: Conduct feasibility study PEX 1.3: Prepare workplace PEX 1.4: Determine source of funds PEX 1.5: Recruit staff PEX 1.6: Procure equipment and materials PEX 1.7: Assign roles			
	PEX 2.1: Advertise the game PEX 2.2: Brand the game PEX 2.3: Conduct exhibitions PEX 2.4: Carry out community outreaches PEX 2.5: Network with peers PEX 2.6: Partner with corporate bodies LWA 4/3: Keep Records PEX 3.1: Keep financial records PEX 3.2: Keep performance records PEX 3.3: Keep inventory records PEX 3.4: Keep medical records			

	ALIFICATION LEVEL. 1 December 2020		
	LWA 4/4: Perform Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices		
	PEX 4.1: Wear badminton attire		
	PEX 4.2: Administer first aid		
	PEX 4.3: Perform firefighting		
	PEX 4.4: Sensitise workers on epidemics		
	•		
0	PEX 4.5: Manage waste		
Occupational health and safety	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health, safety and environmental protection included in the listed related knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs.		
Pre-requisite modules	None		
Related knowledge/ theory	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: Systems of play Presentation skills Tournament rules and regulations Competition/tournament structures Marketing skills Preparing CV and a profile Drawing fixtures Communication skills Managing public address system Publicity skills ICT How to establish an enterprise Resource mobilisation		
Average duration of learning			
	, , ,		
Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training centre or its equivalent provided all equipment and materials required for training are in place.		
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from Item bank		
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	computer, printer, stapling machine, files, punching machine, mobile phones, camera, public address system, first aid kit		

UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (ATP) for a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER QUALIFICATION LEVEL: 1 December 2020

Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	pens, record books, packs, labels, water, rulers, pencil.
Special notes	The theory must be integrated into the practice during training

3.0 ATP-PART III

Assessment Instruments for a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER

- 3.1 Assessment of occupational competence is the procedure by which evidence is gathered and judged to decide if an individual (candidate) has met the stipulated assessment standards.
- 3.2 Assessment of occupational competence should comprise of both practical (performance) testing and written (theory/knowledge) testing.
- 3.3 Based on the Occupational Profile and Training Modules, a combined panel of job practitioners and instructors developed a substantial number of test items for assessing (practical) performance as well as items for assessing occupational knowledge (theory) all stored in an electronic Test Item Bank (TIB) at the Directorate of Industrial Training.
- 3.4 Performance (practical) Test Items (PTI) are closely related to typical work situations in Ugandan business enterprises. They comprise of a test assignment for candidates and assessment criteria and/or scoring guides for assessors' use.
- 3.5 Written Test items (WTI) for written testing of occupational theory, (knowledge) are presented in different forms which include:
 - Short answer test items,
 - Multiple choice test items and
 - Matching test items.

These WTIs herein focus on functional understanding as well as troubleshooting typically synonymous with the world of work.

- 3.6 Composition of assessment/test papers will always require good choices of different types of WTI in order to ensure the assessment of relevant occupational knowledge required of candidates to exhibit competence.
- 3.7 The test items contained in the Test Item Bank may be used for continuous/formative assessment during the process of training as well as for summative assessment of candidates who have acquired their competences non-formally or informally.
- 3.8 In this document, only sample test items for assessing (practical) performance and occupational knowledge (theory) of a BADMINTON PRACTITIONER are included.

3.9 Overview of Test Item Samples included:

No.	Type of Test Item	Numbers included
1	Written (Theory)- short answer	2
2.	Written (Theory)-multiple choice	2
3.	Written (Theory)-matching with generic	2
4.	Written (Theory)- matching with work sequence	1
5.	Performance (Practical) test item	1
	Total	8

WRITTEN TEST ITEMS (SAMPLES)

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 1			
Occupational Title:	Badminton Practitioner			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
	Short answer	$\sqrt{}$		
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
Complexity level:	C1			
Date of OP:	September 2020			
Related module:	M1.2			
Time allocation:	2 minutes	2 minutes		

Test Item	List four equipment used to play Badminton
Answer spaces	(i) (ii)
Expected Key (answer)	(i) Shuttle cock(ii) Rackets(iii) Net(iv) Badminton attire

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 2			
Occupational Title:	Badminton Practi	itioner		
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
	Short answer	1		
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic Cause- Work- Effect sequence		
Complexity level:	C2			
Date of OP:	September 2020			
Related module:	M1.2			
Time allocation:	1 minute	1 minute		

Test Item	State two instances when a player should replace a racket
Answer spaces	(i)
Expected Key (answer)	 (i) When it is damaged (ii) New technology and inventory of rackets (iii) A backup racket (iv) Improvement in skills (v) Inappropriate weight of rackets (vi) User's taste and preferences

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 3				
Occupational Title:	Badminton Practi	tioner			
Competence level:	Level 1				
Code no.					
	Short answer				
	Multiple choice	√			
Test Item type:	Matching item Generic Cause- Work- Effect sequer		Work- sequence		
Complexity level:	C1				
Date of OP:	September 2020				
Related module:	M1.2				
Time allocation:	2 minutes				

Test Item	Which of the following represents the best set of Badminton Practitioners?		
Answer spaces	A. Player, Coach, FanB. Player, Teacher, RefereeC. Referee, Umpire, StudentD. Player, Coach, Manager		

Key (answer)	D
,	

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no.4				
Occupational Title:	Badminton Practitioner				
Competence level:	Level 1				
Code no.					
	Short answer				
	Multiple choice	\checkmark			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence	
Complexity level	04				4
Complexity level:	C1				
Date of OP:	September 2020				
Related module:	M1.2, M1.3				
Time allocation:	1 minute				

Test Item	The following are parts of a Badminton racket		
	A. Top, Arm, Neck		
Distractors and	B. Top, Hand, Head		
correct answers	C. Head, Grip, Arm		
	D. Head, Grip, Neck		

Key (answer)

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 5				
Occupational Title:	Badminton Practi	tioner			
Competence level:	Level 1				
Code no.					
	Short answer				
	Multiple choice				
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence	
		$\sqrt{}$			
Complexity level:	C2				
Date of OP:	September 2020				
Related module:	M1.1, M1.3				
Time allocation:	4 minutes				

Test item

Colu	Column A (Tools and equipment)		
1	Racket		
2	Tape measure		
3	Paint brush		
4	Poles		

	Column B (Use)		
Α	To divide the court		
В	To mark court		
С	To signal player		
D	To play badminton		
Е	To measure dimension		
F	To suspend the net		

Key (answer)	1-D, 2- E, 3- B, 4-F
--------------	----------------------

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 6			
Occupational Title:	Badminton Practitioner			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
	Short answer			
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
		$\sqrt{}$		
Complexity level:	C2			
Date of OP: September 2020				
Related module:	M1.1, M1.2, M1.3			
Time allocation:	4 minutes			

Test Item	Match the following activities to their health and safety
	practices

Column A (Activities)		
1	Warm ups and cool down	
2	Remove empty water bottles	
3	Rest the person	
4	Use personal items	
 		

(Column B (Health and safety practices)		
Α	Wear badminton Attire		
В	Maintain personal hygiene		
С	Manage waste		
D	Administer first aid		
Е	Perform routine medical check- ups		
F	Use safe badminton equipment		
G	Prevent injury		

Key (answer)	1-G, 2:C, 3-D, 4-B
--------------	--------------------

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 7			
Occupational Title:	Badminton Practitioner			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
	Short answer			
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
			V	
Complexity level:	C2			
Date of OP:	September 2020			
Related modules:	M1.1			
Time allocation:	4 minutes			

Test Item	Match the following faults in Badminton to their effects
-----------	--

Column A (Fault)		
1	Poor equipment storage	
2	Worn-out shoe treads	
3	Worn out grip	
4	Inadequate warm up	

	Column B (Effect)		
Α	Leads to stitches		
В	Damage equipment		
С	Poor racket handling		
D	Leads to a corn		
Е	Limited stability		
F	Sport injury		

Key (answer)	1-B, 2-E, 3-C, 4-F
--------------	--------------------

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 8			
Occupational Title:	Badminton Practitioner			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
	Short answer			
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
				\checkmark
Complexity level:	C3			
Date of OP:	September 2020			
Related modules:	M1.1			
Time allocation:	6 minutes			

Test Item	Arrange the following steps in the order taken when setting
rest item	up an outdoor Badminton court

Column A (chronology)	Column B (work steps) in wrong chronological order	
1 st	Α	Measure poles
2 nd	В	Sketch Badminton court
3 rd	С	Mark out court
4 th	D	Fix support poles
5 th	Е	Fix net
6 th	F	Clear site
7 th	G	Measure size of area
8 th	Н	Level surface
9 th	I	Measure court dimensions
10 th	J	Measure height of net

Key (answer)	1-F, 2-H, 3-G, 4-I, 5-B, 6-C, 7-A, 8-D, 9-E, 10-J
--------------	---

PERFORMANCE TEST ITEMS (SAMPLES)

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Performance Test Item- no.9	
Occupational Title:	Badminton Practitioner	
Competence level:	Level 1	
•	Level I	
Code no.		
Test Item:	Perform the following hitting strokes used in playing badminton i The serve ii The net shot iii The net lift iv The drive v The drop shot vi The clear vii The smash shot	
Complexity level:	P.2	
Date of OP:	September 2020	
Related modules:	M1.2	
Related skills and knowledge:	 Rules and regulation of the Badminton game, Required equipment, Time management, Health and safety, Usage of tools, materials and equipment, First Aid management, Hitting strokes or techniques 	
Required tools, Materials and Equipment:	Racket, shuttle, net, poles, cones, masking tape	
Time allocation:	2 hours	
Preferred venue:	Badminton court	
Remarks for candidates	Must be dressed in sports attire	
Remarks for assessors	 Provide tools, materials and equipment listed above Organise candidates in a game situation Allowance for repetitions when assessing 	

#	Assessment	Scoring guide	Max. Score	
#	criteria		Process	Result
1	Preparation for	Wore badminton attire (Sports shoes, jersey, shorts, socks)		4
	the task	Selected equipment; shuttle, racket		2
2	Warm up	Performed warm up drills related to the skills to be performed		
		Low intensity drills		1
		Moderate intensity drills		1
		High intensity drills		1
		Stretching activities performed		1
3	Serve	Assumed start position	1	
		Gripped the racket with V-grip for fore hand / thumb grip for back hand.	2	
		Assumed stance position	3	
		Focused eyes on shuttle	2	
		Positioned racket in front of the body for back head/ backwards for fore hand	2	
		Maintained eyes on shuttle on contact	2	
		Swung racket to contact the shuttle	1	
		Shuttle contacted the racket face in the middle		1
		Performed follow-through	1	
		Shuttle landed on targeted area		3
4	The net shot	Gripped the racket with V-grip for back hand.	2	
		Performed a split step with racket foot forward, non-racket foot forward for backhand	2	
		Positioned racket at chest level	1	
		Moved to net using chasse steps/ running/ cross behind steps for forehand /backhand.	2	
		Performed lounge Performed a wide leg extension towards the net	2	
		Non-racket arm was fully extended to the back	1	
		Performed a full arm extension towards the net	2	

#			Max.	Score
	criteria	Scoring guide	Process	Process
		Performed a follow through	1	
		Shuttle landed in front of the short service line		3
5	The net lift	Gripped racket with a V-grip for fore hand/thumb grip for backhand	2	
		Performed a split step with racket foot forward for fore hand/ non-racket forward for back hand	2	
		Positioned the racket at chest level	2	
		Moved to the net with chasse steps/running steps/ cross behind steps for either backhand or fore hand	2	
		Non-racket arm was fully extended to the back	1	
		Performed a back swing	1	
		Contacted shuttle at net level	2	
		Performed a follow through	1	
		Shuttle landed at the back court		3
6	Drive	Gripped racket with V-grip for fore hand/thumb grip for back hand	2	
		Performed a side split step	1	
		Positioned racket head at head level	2	
		Performed a quick backward swing	1	
		Contacted shuttle in front of the body	2	
		Contacted shuttle in the middle of racket face	3	
		Performed a follow through	1	
		Played a flat shuttle		4
7	Drop shot	Gripped racket with V-grip for fore hand/ thumb grip for back hand	2	
		Performed split step	1	
		Positioned elbow of racket arm at shoulder level	2	
		Stretched non racket arm towards the shuttle		

#	Assessment	Scaring guido	Max. Score	
#	criteria	Scoring guide	Process	Result
		Moved towards the back court with cross behind chasse/back chasse for forehand or hop around non racket leg/backward running steps/chasse back for back hand	3	
		Performed back swing	1	
		Positioned head of racket above the head	2	
		Moved racket arm elbow forward with the head of racket facing backward	3	
		Contacted shuttle in front of the body with a full extension of racket arm	3	
		Performed a follow through	1	
		Shuttle landed in front of the short service line		4
8	The smash shot	Gripped racket with V-grip for forehand or thumb grip for backhand	2	
		Performed a split step	1	
		Positioned elbow of the racket arm at shoulder level	2	
		Stretched non racket arm towards the shuttle	1	
		Moved towards the back of the court with cross behind chasse/ back chasse for fore hand or back hand hop around non-racket leg/ backward running steps/ chasse back for back hand	3	
		Performed back swing	2	
		Positioned the head of the racket above the head	2	
		Moved racket arm elbow forward with the racket head facing backwards	3	
		Contacted shuttle in front of the body	3	
		Performed follow through	1	
L		Shuttle landed in mid court		4
9	Clear shot	Gripped racket with V-grip for fore hand or thumb grip for back hand	2	
		Performed the split step Positioned elbow of the racket arm at	1	
		shoulder level	2	

	Assessment	Sooring guide	Max.	Score
#	criteria	Scoring guide	Process	Result
		Stretched non racket arm towards the shuttle	1	
		Moved towards the back court with cross behind chasée/ back chasée for fore hand or back hand hop around non-racket/backward running steps/ chasée back for back hand	3	
		Performed back swing	1	
		Head racket was positioned above the head	2	
		Moved racket arm elbow forward with the racket head facing backwards	3	
		Contacted shuttle above the head with a full arm extension	4	
		Performed follow through	1	
		Shuttle landed at the back court		4
	Total		110	36

4.0 ATP- PART IV

INFORMATION ON DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

4.1 Development process (September 2020)

The Assessment and Training Package was exclusively developed by Badminton Practitioners, Secondary School teachers who train Badminton, and Curriculum Development Specialists working with the National Curriculum Development Centre (NCDC).

The job expert panel, guided by UVQF Facilitators developed the Occupational Profile that mirrors duties and tasks performed in the world of work and also provided additional generic information regarding the occupation.

Basing on the Occupational Profile, they developed training modules that will guide Badminton Practitioners on the job as well as in training centres.

Basing on the Occupational Profile and Training Modules, they developed Assessment Instruments that can be used to assess whether a person complies with the requirements of employment as a Badminton practitioner.

4.2 Methodology

The rationale for the Assessment and Training Package development was to link Vocational Education and Training to the real world of work by bridging Occupational Standards to Training Standards through industry-led Standards-Based Assessment.

Active participation of Badminton trainers, job practitioners and NCDC Physical Education specialist panels consolidated the development philosophy.

The panelists worked as teams in workshop settings complemented by offworkshop field research and literature review activities including international benchmarking.

4.3 Development Panels

The participating panels of Badminton Practitioner job practitioners, Secondary School teachers who train Badminton and Curriculum Development Specialists working with the National Curriculum Development Centre (NCDC) required at the different stages of development exercise were constituted by members from the following institutions/organizations:

	Development Panel			
No.	Name	Institution/ Organisation		
1	Katende David	National Council of Sports		
2	Masiko Edwin	Uganda Badminton Association		
3	Mwesigwa Peter	St. Patrick S.S, Ntete		
4	Lumbuye Linika	Kibuli Secondary School		
5	Bulamba Sulaiman	Mbogo High School		
6	Kirya Lukman	Shimoni P.T.C /NCDC		
7	Nyanzi James	St. Charles Lwanga S.S		
8	Semiyagi Allan Samuel	Nabisunsa Girls		
9	Opira Geoffrey	Soroti Core P.T.C		
10	Nakku Eva	Ntinda VTI		
11	Makyeme Stella	Hana Mixed School, Nsangi		
12	Musisi Silas	St. Thomas Bazadde		

4.4 Quality Assurance panel

The quality checking panel comprised of a team with exceptional technical expertise and experience as job practitioners, lecturers, sports administrators and national curriculum development specialist.

The team carefully and objectively critiqued the entire ATP and assured that the quality of the ATP meets the required standards.

	Quality Checking Panel			
No.	Name	Organisation		
1	Mr. Katende S David	National Council of Sports (NCS)		
2	Mr. Balagana Charles Mukiibi	Kyambogo University		
3	Mr. Tushabe Jonan	Directorate of Industrial Training		
4	Ms. Erinah Balungi	National Curriculum Development Centre (NCDC)		
5	Dr. Byaruhanga Kadoodooba	Kyambogo University		
6	Ms. Ddembe N Hajarah	Ministry of Education and Sports (MoES)		
7	Mr. Okou-Imakit J.M	Kyambogo University		

4.5 Facilitator team

This Assessment and Training Package was developed by a Facilitator team listed below:

1. Team Leader: Ms. Mukyala Ruth Ag. Deputy Director/QS Dept., DIT.

2. Facilitators (Development process):

Ms. Nakimuli Patra,

Mr. Kirabo Mugenyi Thomas. DE, DIT.

3. Facilitators (Quality checking process): Ms. Baliraba Elizabeth DE., DIT.

4. DIT Data Entrants: Mr. Tumusiime Edward,

Mr. Nyanja John Fisher ITO., DIT.,

Ms. Kaudha Agnes

Turyasingura Yusuf

5. Edited by: Ms. Mukyala Ruth Ag. Deputy Director QS Dept., DIT

6. Coordinated by: Mr. Byakatonda Patrick, Ag. Director, DIT

4.6 Reference time:

The Assessment and Training Package was compiled in September 2020 and may be periodically revised to match the dynamic trends in the occupation and hence issued in different versions.

References:

- 1. Abe K, Okamoto S. Badminton. Tokyo: Gy; 1989
- 2. Lo D, Stark K. Sports performance series: the badminton overhead shot. Natl Strength Cond J. 1991.
- 3. Lees A. Science and the major racket sports: a review. J Sports Sci. 2003.
- 4. Ømosegaard B. Physical training for badminton. International Badminton Federation; 1996. p. 179.
- 5. Hughes MG, Andrew M, Ramsay R. A sport-specific endurance performance test for elite badminton players. J Sports Sci. 2002.
- 6. Abernethy B, Wollstein J. Improving anticipation in racket sports. Australian Sports Commission; 1988.
- 7. Kroner K, Schmidt SA, Nielsen AB, et al. Badminton injuries. Br J Sports Med. 1990.
- 8. Hensley LD, Paup DC. A survey of badminton injuries. Br J Sports Med. 1979.
- 9. Gowitzke BA, Waddell DB. Badminton underarm power strokes. Int J Sport Biomech. 1987.
- 10. Poole JR. Badminton. California: Goodyear Publishing Co; 1969.
- 11. Gi, S. C. (2002). Badminton specific skill test research. Taipei, Shi-Da book store.

